

Treatment Tips & Questions to Ask Your Medical Oncology Team

Treatment Tips: Getting Organized

A <u>notebook</u> is one of the most important tools you have throughout your cancer treatment and beyond. Take the notebook with you to every doctor's visit, every exam, every consultation, and every hospitalization. Take notes of EVERYTHING.

Get a large folder or three-ring binder, larger than you think you'll need. Find a
dedicated place for it in your home.
Consider purchasing a printer , if you don't already have one. You may need hard
copies of documents to bring to doctor consultations. Although many health
records are electronic, if you get a second opinion, the doctor may not have
access to the record keeping system of your other doctors.
Get a simple but good quality writing pad , and a ballpoint or gel ink pen to go
with it.
Write questions down before and after appointments to have answered by your
appropriate team member.
Record dates and times of your treatments and consider saving them on your
phone and setting reminders.



Record your symptoms after each treatment (both physical and emotional, as
well as any other issues that may pop up during treatment).
Keep track of medications , names of chemotherapy drugs , and other relevant
information you may have to refer back to.
Keep track of your nutrition (whether you're eating or not, liquid intake, etc.).

Tips and questions for your medical oncologist:

A <u>medical oncologist</u> is a doctor who has special training in diagnosing and treating cancer in adults using chemotherapy, hormonal therapy, biological therapy, and targeted therapy. A medical oncologist often is the main health care provider for someone who has cancer. A medical oncologist also gives supportive care and may coordinate treatment given by other specialists.

Always ask for more information if you don't understand something, or ask for
the information to be explained in another way to ensure your understanding.
If possible, bring someone with you to use as a resource and a second pair of
ears ("Did I hear that correctly? Did the doctor say?")
Let your oncologist know how you want to receive information (in writing,
listening, pictures, etc.)
What type of breast cancer do I have?
Is my breast cancer hormonally driven?



What is my HER2 status, and what does this mean?
What stage is my cancer and what does that stage mean?
What is the difference between a stage and a grade ?
Can I have a print out of my pathology report? Can we review it together?
Who are the specialists/people involved in my treatment and what is their role
(nurse navigator, radiation oncologist)?
What are the risks and benefits of my treatment options?
Am I a candidate for chemotherapy ? If so, what will the treatment regimen look
like?
Will I have chemotherapy before or after surgery?
Can I work during treatment?
Will I have a port for chemotherapy? What are the benefits and concerns of
having a chemotherapy port?
How much experience do you have treating my specific type of breast cancer?
What if I don't want to do the treatment you suggest? What are the risks? Do I
have other options?
Should I get a second opinion?
What clinical trials are available?
What testing will I receive throughout treatment to gauge my response to
treatment?
How do I know if the cancer has spread ?
What are the long-term side effects of different treatments (lymphedema,
thyroid issues, sexual dysfunction, etc.)?



Can I have a referral for physical therapy?
Can I use marijuana during treatment and what is best (gummies, flower, best
strain)?

Questions for your oncology nurse:

An oncology nurse (or, in some hospitals, a nurse navigator, patient navigator, or patient advocate) is a healthcare professional who is a specialized registered personal advocate. They can help you navigate your treatment process and answer questions for you. They assess emotional, clinical, financial, psychological, spiritual and other patient needs.

What should I bring with me to treatment?
What can I do to manage the potential side effects of treatment?
When will my hair start falling out?
Can I prevent my hair from falling out? Can I get information about cold
capping, and how do I determine whether it is covered by my insurance?
How can I access alternative therapies such as massage, reiki, or acupuncture
to help with my symptoms?
Where can I go to get wigs, head wraps, or scarves? Are they covered under
insurance?
Is special skin care recommended during treatment?



What makeup do other patients like to use during chemo (eyebrows, fake
eyelashes, etc.)?
Who can I speak with for questions about insurance/billing?
What support networks are available to me through the hospital and beyond
(SBC, complimentary)?
What mental health resources are available during and after treatment?
Is there a current cancer patient (my type) I can connect with?
Who do I call if I feel like something is wrong?
Will I have access to someone to answer my questions 24/7?
Is it best to call, email, or text if I have a problem?

Helpful Links:

https://www.survivingbreastcancer.org/

https://www.survivingbreastcancer.org/newly-diagnosed

https://www.cancer.net/

https://www.breastcancer.org/